

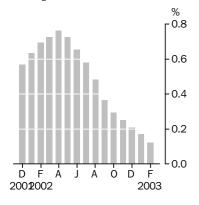
# RETAIL TRADE

AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11.30AM (CANBERRA TIME) WED 2 APR 2003

#### **Monthly turnover**

Trend estmates % change



### KEY FIGURES

	Feb 03	Jan 03 to Feb 03 %
	\$m	change
Turnover at current prices		
Trend estimates	14 529.8	0.1
Seasonally adjusted estimates	14 522.5	0.3

### KEY POINTS

#### TREND ESTIMATES

- The trend estimate of turnover for the Australian Retail and Hospitality/Services series increased by 0.1% in February 2003 compared with January 2003. This follows increases of 0.2% in January 2003 and 0.2% in December 2002.
- The trend estimate increased in all states except for New South Wales and Tasmania, which were flat. The largest increase was in Victoria.
- Over the three months to February 2003 the trend estimate rose by \$72m. Food retailing (+\$48m), Other retailing (+\$25m) and Department stores (+\$23m) showed the largest increases.

### SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

- The seasonally adjusted estimate of turnover for the Australian Retail and Hospitality/Services series increased by 0.3% in February 2003 compared with January 2003. This follows an increase of 0.2% in January 2003 and a decrease of 0.9% in December 2003.
- The estimate of total turnover for February 2003 was 5.7% higher than February 2002.

### ORIGINAL ESTIMATES

- In original terms, Australian turnover decreased by 11.4% in February 2003 compared with January 2003. Chains and other large retailers (which are completely enumerated) decreased by 12.9%, while 'smaller' retailers (the sampled units) decreased by 9.3%.
- Australian turnover increased by 5.7% in February 2003 compared with February 2002. Chains and other large retailers increased by 7.0%, while 'smaller' retailers increased by 4.2%.

■ For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070 or Graham Phillips on Canberra 02 6252 5625.

### NOTES

ISSUE	RELEASE DATE
March 2003	6 May 2003
April 2003	30 May 2003
May 2003	2 July 2003
June 2003	31 July 2003
July 2003	2 September 2003
August 2003	30 September 2003

CHANGES IN THIS ISSUE

There are no changes in this issue.

SAMPLING ERRORS

Standard errors for the Australian estimates (original data) for February 2003 contained in this publication are:

Data Series

Level of retail turnover (\$m)

Change from preceding month (\$m)

\*\*Change from preceding

Estimates for sampled businesses in the first month of each quarter can be influenced by the quarterly rotation of approximately 10% of sampled businesses. This rotation is done to spread the reporting load across retailers. At times, the businesses rotated in to the sample can perform differently from the businesses they replace or those already in the sample. The potential impact of the quarterly rotation is reflected in the sampling errors for the relevant months.

For more information see the Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 30–33, or contact Graham Phillips on 02 6252 5625.

**ABBREVIATIONS** 

ABN Australian Business Number

ABS Australian Bureau of Statistics

ANZSIC Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification

ATO Australian Taxation Office

n.e.c. not elsewhere classified

PAYGW pay-as-you-go withholding

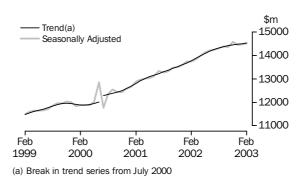
TAU type of activity unit

Dennis Trewin

Australian Statistician

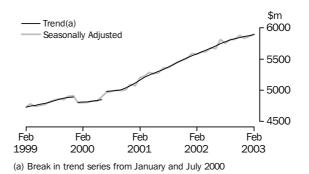
TOTAL RETAIL

The trend growth rate has been slowing since April 2002, with weak growth in each of the last five months. Department stores had moderate trend growth in January and February 2003 after four months of strong growth. The Household good retailing and the Recreational good retailing industries have been in decline for at least six months.



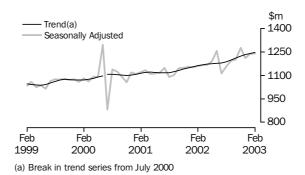
FOOD RETAILING

There has been weak trend growth in each of the last five months. All states have had weak or no growth over the last two months, except the Australian Capital Territory which has been in decline.



DEPARTMENT STORES

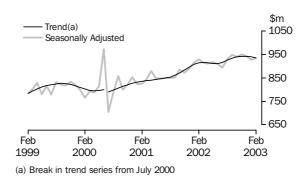
After four months of strong trend growth, there was moderate growth in January and February 2003. Victoria has had strong trend growth for the last five months, while in February 2003 the trend was flat for New South Wales and Western Australia.



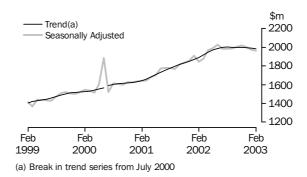
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CLOTHING AND SOFT GOOD RETAILING

The rate of trend growth has been slowing since September 2002 and in the last three months the trend has been in decline. In February 2003, South Australia continued its strong growth and Queensland had moderate trend growth after six months of strong growth. All other states were in decline.

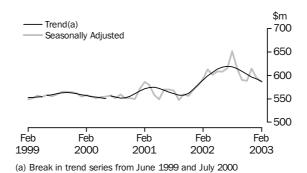


HOUSEHOLD GOOD RETAILING Trend growth has been in decline for the last six months. Since June 2002, the rate of growth for New South Wales has decreased and has been in decline in the last three months. Victoria, Queensland and Tasmania have been flat or in decline for at least the last six months, while the Australian Capital Territory has had strong trend growth in these months.



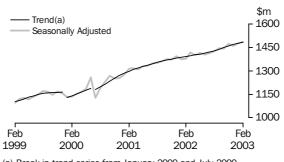
RECREATIONAL GOOD RETAILING

Trend growth has been in decline for the last seven months. While South Australia, Western Australia and the Australian Capital Territory have had strong growth for at least the last three months, the other states and the Northern Territory have been in decline for at least the last six months.



OTHER RETAILING

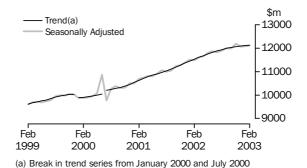
Trend growth has been moderate over the last nine months. Over the last four months Queensland and Victoria have had strong growth, while South Australia, Western Australia and the Australian Capital Territory have been in decline. There has been a small decline in the trend for New South Wales in each of the last three months.



(a) Break in trend series from January 2000 and July 2000

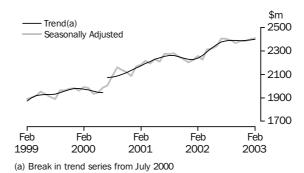
TOTAL RETAIL (EXCLUDING HOSPITALITY AND SERVICES)

The rate of trend growth for Total retail (excluding Hospitality and services) and Total industries (including Hospitality and services) has been similar for at least the last seven months.



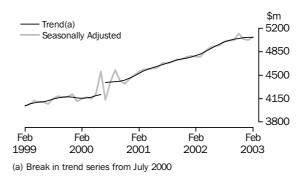
HOSPITALITY AND SERVICES

There has been weak trend growth over the last three months. In February 2003 trend growth was strong in Victoria and the Northern Territory, but in decline in Western Australia and Tasmania.



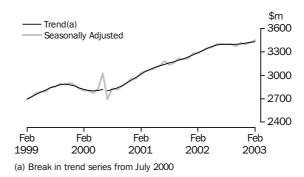
NEW SOUTH WALES

The rate of trend growth has decreased since July 2002, with the trend estimate being flat in February 2003. The Recreational good retailing industry has been in decline for each of the last eight months. In each of the last three months Household good retailing and Other retailing have been in decline, while there has been weak growth in Food retailing and Hospitality and services.



VICTORIA

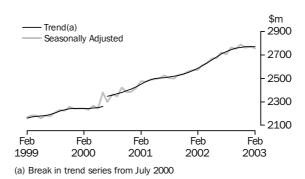
Trend growth has been flat or weak in each of the last eight months. Over the last four months the trend for Clothing and soft good retailing, Recreational good retailing and Household good retailing has been in decline, while Department stores and Other retailing had strong growth.



QUEENSLAND

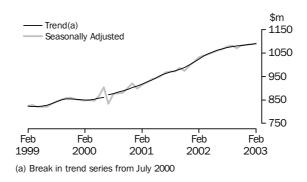
The trend growth rate has been falling since June 2002, with weak growth in each of the last four months. Over this period Household good retailing and Recreational good retailing have been in decline, while Other retailing had strong trend growth.

Department stores and Food retailing had weak growth in February 2003.



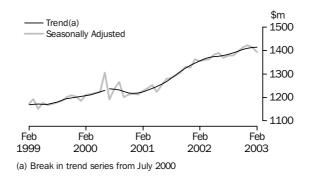
SOUTH AUSTRALIA

There has been weak trend growth in each of the last five months. There has been strong growth in Clothing and soft good retailing and Recreational good retailing over this period, while Other retailing has been in decline.



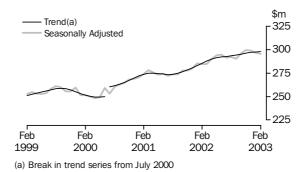
WESTERN AUSTRALIA

Following four months of moderate trend growth, there was weak growth in January and February 2003. The trend growth rate for Department stores and Food retailing has been falling since October 2002. The trend for the Other retailing, Hospitality and services and Clothing and soft good retailing industries has been in decline for at least the last four months.



TASMANIA

After ten months of moderate or weak growth, the trend estimate was flat in February 2003. In February, the trend for the Hospitality and services, Recreational good retailing and Clothing and soft good industries was in decline, while there was weak growth in Food retailing and Household good retailing was flat.



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### RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)

			Clothing and soft	Household	Recreational		Hospitality	
Month	Food retailing	Department stores	good retailing	good retailing	good retailing	Other retailing	and services	Total
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	ODICI			• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
2001			URIGII	NAL (\$ mi	111011)			
December	6 246.6	2 235.0	1 284.7	2 374.9	810.1	1 990.3	2 514.6	17 456.3
2002	5 737.4	1 011.3	90F F	1 00F 2	E76.0	1 276.5	0.006.4	12 640 2
January February	5 151.4 5 150.4	824.6	895.5 730.0	1 895.3 1 643.8	576.2 530.7	1 202.6	2 226.1 2 066.0	13 618.3 12 148.2
March	5 761.1	1 021.8	831.6	1 777.3	589.2	1 307.4	2 265.6	13 553.9
April	5 408.1	1 053.6	890.9	1 816.0	560.8	1 311.7	2 231.8	13 273.0
May	5 693.4	1 164.1	963.1	1 937.4	579.8	1 410.2	2 283.0	14 031.0
June	5 356.5	1 120.7	869.7	1 964.6	546.8	1 285.7	2 210.5	13 354.3
July	5 636.6	1 053.4	868.3	1 947.2	591.4	1 352.1	2 381.3	13 830.3
August	5 793.5	1 042.8	862.7	1 965.3	641.3	1 399.0	2 440.4	14 144.9
September	5 557.1	1 038.1	887.0	1 915.7	585.9	1 389.6	2 353.0	13 726.4
October	5 963.7	1 187.7	952.7	2 047.6	579.8	1 474.2	2 390.8	14 596.4
November	5 965.8	1 470.3	1 003.9	2 128.8	616.9	1 567.7	2 438.4	15 191.8
December	6 580.9	2 302.3	1 357.9	2 574.0	883.0	2 103.9	2 711.4	18 513.5
2003								
January	6 094.9	1 079.3	910.0	1 977.4	593.5	1 379.5	2 459.2	14 493.9
February	5 449.8	882.1	732.7	1 747.0	526.2	1 298.6	2 206.4	12 842.8
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		CONALLY	ADILICTE	) (\$ million	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
2001		SEA	SUNALLI	ADJUSTEL	) (\$ IIIIIION	)		
December	5 514.7	1 155.6	889.5	1 857.0	568.7	1 394.7	2 204.5	13 584.7
2002								
January	5 586.6	1 149.9	917.0	1 911.0	578.8	1 374.9	2 223.9	13 741.9
February	5 575.6	1 159.8	928.2	1 845.0	592.6	1 378.0	2 259.3	13 738.5
March	5 615.5	1 165.6	915.0	1 877.2	613.1	1 417.5	2 225.4	13 829.3
April	5 619.8	1 166.9	911.1	1 964.7	601.7	1 399.8	2 312.6	13 976.7
May	5 681.3	1 189.6	918.1	1 989.7	608.4	1 416.3	2 319.3	14 122.6
June	5 666.1	1 258.0	907.4	2 027.6	607.9	1 404.1	2 342.2	14 213.4
July	5 812.3	1 111.1	893.2	1 983.5	615.1	1 414.1	2 408.0	14 237.3
August	5 755.2	1 158.6	930.0	1 983.3	652.0	1 426.4	2 404.5	14 310.0
September	5 813.7	1 195.2	947.9	1 986.6	614.2	1 445.8	2 389.8	14 393.3
October	5 812.3	1 200.7	940.1	2 003.6	590.3	1 442.3	2 368.5	14 357.8
November	5 883.0	1 278.1	950.4	2 021.0	588.4	1 475.0	2 388.5	14 584.3
December	5 835.3	1 210.9	944.2	2 004.4	614.2	1 459.3	2 385.9	14 454.2
2003								
January	5 862.5	1 238.9	927.4	1 976.3	595.0	1 476.6	2 399.4	14 476.1
February	5 900.3	1 240.5	933.2	1 962.6	586.0	1 487.9	2 412.0	14 522.5
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	Т	REND EST	IMATES (	\$ million)	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
2001								
December	5 522.8	1 148.8	896.9	1 849.8	569.7	1 381.2	2 227.5	13 594.6
2002								
January	5 554.5	1 156.4	908.1	1 868.4	580.4	1 386.9	2 226.7	13 680.9
February	5 583.3	1 163.0	915.1	1 891.3	590.5	1 392.6	2 238.3	13 776.0
March	5 610.9	1 168.0	916.6	1 917.8	599.0	1 397.9	2 261.3	13 876.0
April	5 640.9	1 172.7	914.6	1 945.7	606.5	1 403.0	2 292.6	13 981.8
May	5 673.4	1 175.2	912.1	1 970.7	613.4	1 407.8	2 325.9	14 083.2
June	5 709.2 5 746.4	1 177.1	911.8	1 988.9	617.9	1 413.1	2 355.5	14 175.3
July	5 746.4	1 180.6	916.6	1 999.2	619.6	1 419.8	2 377.0	14 257.5
August	5 780.4	1 187.6	925.1	2 002.7	618.5	1 428.1	2 388.8	14 326.5
September October	5 807.0 5 827.1	1 198.4	933.9	2 001.0	614.6	1 438.5	2 391.3	14 378.9
	5 827.1	1 211.3	940.0	1 999.5	608.7	1 449.6	2 389.6	14 421.2
November December	5 843.6	1 224.0 1 234.2	942.4	1 998.1	602.3 596.9	1 459.9	2 389.0	14 457.4 14 487.4
2003	5 859.2	1 234.2	941.7	1 994.5	590.9	1 469.1	2 391.1	14 407.4
January	5 873.1	1 241.5	939.7	1 989.0	592.4	1 477.6	2 394.6	14 512.3
	0010.1							
February	5 891.2	1 246.9	935.4	1 981.8	586.8	1 485.2	2 400.3	14 529.8

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

Month	Food retailing	Department stores	Clothing and soft good retailing	Household good retailing	Recreational good retailing	Other retailing	Hospitality and services	Total
• • • • • • • • • • • •							• • • • • • • •	
		ORIGINAL	(% chang	ge from p	receding	month)		
2001								
December	11.9	69.2	40.4	21.9	37.6	34.2	9.9	23.6
2002		-10	20.0			25.0		
January	-8.2	-54.8	-30.3	-20.2 -13.3	-28.9	-35.9	−11.5 −7.2	-22.0
February March	-10.2 11.9	–18.5 23.9	–18.5 13.9	-13.3 8.1	-7.9 11.0	-5.8 8.7	-1.2 9.7	-10.8 11.6
April	-6.1	3.1	7.1	2.2	-4.8	0.3	-1.5	-2.1
May	5.3	10.5	8.1	6.7	3.4	7.5	2.3	5.7
June	-5.9	-3.7	-9.7	1.4	-5.7	-8.8	-3.2	-4.8
July	5.2	-6.0	-0.2	-0.9	8.2	5.2	7.7	3.6
August	2.8	-1.0	-0.6	0.9	8.4	3.5	2.5	2.3
September	-4.1	-0.4	2.8	-2.5	-8.6	-0.7	-3.6	-3.0
October	7.3	14.4	7.4	6.9	-1.0	6.1	1.6	6.3
November	0.0	23.8	5.4	4.0	6.4	6.3	2.0	4.1
December	10.3	56.6	35.3	20.9	43.1	34.2	11.2	21.9
2003								
January	-7.4	-53.1	-33.0	-23.2	-32.8	-34.4	-9.3	-21.7
February	-10.6	-18.3	-19.5	-11.7	-11.3	-5.9	-10.3	-11.4
• • • • • • • • • •								• • • • • • •
	SEASU	NALLY AD.	JUSTED (	% cnange	Trom pred	eaing moi	ntn)	
2001	_	_						
December 2002	0.6	0.5	1.9	1.1	2.3	1.7	-1.1	0.7
January	1.3	-0.5	3.1	2.9	1.8	-1.4	0.9	1.2
February	-0.2	0.9	1.2	-3.5	2.4	0.2	1.6	0.0
March	0.7	0.5	-1.4	1.7	3.5	2.9	-1.5	0.7
April	0.1 1.1	0.1 1.9	-0.4 0.8	4.7 1.3	-1.9 1.1	-1.2 1.2	3.9 0.3	1.1 1.0
May June	-0.3	5.8	-1.2	1.9	-0.1	-0.9	1.0	0.6
July	2.6	-11.7	-1.2 -1.6	-2.2	1.2	0.7	2.8	0.0
August	-1.0	4.3	4.1	0.0	6.0	0.9	-0.1	0.5
September	1.0	3.2	1.9	0.2	-5.8	1.4	-0.6	0.6
October	0.0	0.5	-0.8	0.9	-3.9	-0.2	-0.9	-0.2
November	1.2	6.4	1.1	0.9	-0.3	2.3	0.8	1.6
December	-0.8	-5.3	-0.6	-0.8	4.4	-1.1	-0.1	-0.9
2003								
January	0.5	2.3	-1.8	-1.4	-3.1	1.2	0.6	0.2
February	0.6	0.1	0.6	-0.7	-1.5	0.8	0.5	0.3
• • • • • • • • • •	TRE	ND ESTIMA			om preced		)	• • • • • • •
2001								
December	0.7	0.8	1.5	0.9	1.5	0.4	-0.4	0.6
2002								
January	0.6	0.7	1.3	1.0	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.6
February	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.2	1.7	0.4	0.5	0.7
March	0.5	0.4	0.2	1.4	1.4	0.4	1.0	0.7
April	0.5	0.4	-0.2	1.5	1.3	0.4	1.4	0.8
May	0.6	0.2	-0.3	1.3	1.1	0.3	1.5	0.7
June	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.9	0.7	0.4	1.3	0.7
July August	0.7 0.6	0.3 0.6	0.5 0.9	0.5 0.2	0.3 -0.2	0.5 0.6	0.9 0.5	0.6 0.5
September	0.6	0.6	1.0	-0.1	-0.2 -0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5
October	0.3	1.1	0.7	-0.1 -0.1	-0.6 -1.0	0.7	-0.1	0.4
								0.3
December 2003	0.3	0.8	-0.1	-0.1	-0.9	0.6	0.1	0.2
January	0.2	0.6	-0.2	-0.3	-0.8	0.6	0.1	0.2
February	0.3	0.4	-0.5	-0.4	-0.9	0.5	0.2	0.1
November December <b>2003</b> January	0.3 0.3	1.1 0.8 0.6	0.3 -0.1 -0.2	-0.1 -0.2 -0.3	-1.1 -0.9 -0.8	0.7 0.6 0.6	0.0 0.1 0.1	• • • • •

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

						CLOTHIN	G & SOFT	GOOD				
	FOOD RE	TAILING				RETAILIN	G		HOUSEHO	LD GOOD F	RETAILING	
	••••••	••••••	••••••	••••••		••••••	••••••	•••••	••••••	••••••	••••••	••••••
							Foot-					
							wear,				Domestic	
	Super-						fabric &			Domestic	appliance	
	markets	Take-					other		Furniture	hardware	&	
	&	away	Other		Depart-		soft		& floor	& house-	recorded	
	grocery	food	food	T-4-1	ment	Clothing	good	T-4-1	covering	ware	music	Takal
Month	stores	retailing	retailing	Total	stores	retailing	retailing	Total	retailing	retailing	retailing	Total
• • • • • • • • • •				• • • • • •	• • • • • • •					• • • • • •		• • • • • •
					\$	MILLION	1					
2002												
February	3 755.7	509.9	884.8	5 150.4	824.6	493.2	236.8	730.0	377.3	512.7	753.7	1 643.8
March	4 212.2	571.6	977.3	5 761.1	1 021.8	583.3	248.3	831.6	403.0	566.8	807.5	1 777.3
April	3 908.3	574.9	924.9	5 408.1	1 021.8	619.7	271.2	890.9	432.8	545.2	838.0	1 816.0
May	4 157.1	574.6	961.8	5 693.4	1 164.1	666.2	296.9	963.1	436.2	530.8	970.3	1 937.4
June	3 895.5	558.5	902.4	5 356.5	1 120.7	601.2	268.5	869.7	450.2	512.9	1 000.8	1 964.6
July	4 069.5	592.3	974.7	5 636.6	1 053.4	594.8	273.5	868.3	469.4	528.2	949.6	1 947.2
August	4 241.6	577.6	974.7	5 793.5	1 042.8	600.9	261.8	862.7	457.9	566.6	940.8	1 965.3
September	4 006.6	573.3	977.2	5 557.1	1 038.1	616.1	270.9	887.0	447.2	590.5	878.0	1 915.7
October	4 338.3	609.2	1 016.1	5 963.7	1 187.7	667.3	285.4	952.7	486.3	635.8	925.5	2 047.6
November	4 335.0	595.2	1 035.7	5 965.8	1 470.3	713.6	290.3	1 003.9	496.7	667.6	964.5	2 128.8
December	4 652.8	642.2	1 285.8	6 580.9	2 302.3	997.0	360.9	1 357.9	502.3	737.4	1 334.2	2 574.0
2003	4 032.6	042.2	1 200.0	0 380.9	2 302.3	991.0	300.9	1 337.9	502.5	131.4	1 334.2	2 374.0
January	4 469.4	629.1	996.4	6 094.9	1 079.3	629.0	281.0	910.0	458.8	600.0	918.6	1 977.4
February	4 025.1	528.1	896.5	5 449.8	882.1	514.9	217.8	732.7	416.2	534.0	796.8	1 747.0
rebradiy	+ 025.1	320.1	050.5	3 443.0	002.1	314.3	217.0	102.1	410.2	334.0	130.0	1141.0
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
				% CHAN	IGE FRO	M PREC	EDING	MONTH				
2002												
February	-9.7	-14.9	-9.7	-10.2	-18.5	-17.7	-20.1	-18.5	-15.3	-10.7	-13.9	-13.3
March	12.2	12.1	10.5	11.9	23.9	18.3	4.8	13.9	6.8	10.6	7.1	8.1
April	-7.2	0.6	-5.4	-6.1	3.1	6.2	9.2	7.1	7.4	-3.8	3.8	2.2
May	6.4	-0.1	4.0	5.3	10.5	7.5	9.5	8.1	0.8	-2.6	15.8	6.7
June	-6.3	-2.8	-6.2	-5.9	-3.7	-9.8	-9.6	-9.7	3.4	-3.4	3.1	1.4
July	4.5	6.0	8.0	5.2	-6.0	-1.1	1.9	-0.2	4.1	3.0	-5.1	-0.9
August	4.2	-2.5	-0.1	2.8	-1.0	1.0	-4.3	-0.6	-2.5	7.3	-0.9	0.9
September	-5.5	-0.7	0.3	-4.1	-0.4	2.5	3.5	2.8	-2.3	4.2	-6.7	-2.5
October	8.3	6.3	4.0	7.3	14.4	8.3	5.4	7.4	8.7	7.7	5.4	6.9
November	-0.1	-2.3	1.9	0.0	23.8	6.9	1.7	5.4	2.1	5.0	4.2	4.0
December	7.3	7.9	24.2	10.3	56.6	39.7	24.3	35.3	1.1	10.4	38.3	20.9
2003												
January	-3.9	-2.0	-22.5	-7.4	-53.1	-36.9	-22.1	-33.0	-8.7	-18.6	-31.2	-23.2
February	-9.9	-16.0	-10.0	-10.6	-18.3	-18.1	-22.5	-19.5	-9.3	-11.0	-13.3	-11.7
									EVIOUS Y			
		70 0117	aL .		THE COLO			01 1112		_/		
2002												
February	6.0	1.1	16.5	7.1	3.4	13.7	9.7	12.4	12.9	19.0	7.8	12.2
March	7.1	0.3	13.7	7.4	2.6	7.9	-1.1	5.1	5.8	19.1	9.5	11.5
April	4.4	6.5	10.3	5.6	3.8	4.6	14.0	7.3	15.2	17.0	22.4	19.0
May	7.8	8.4	15.7	9.1	5.9	5.3	16.2	8.5	11.6	12.9	24.6	18.2
June	4.5	5.6	10.9	5.6	11.7	1.7	10.7	4.3	5.3	9.1	19.4	13.1
July	7.3	7.9	18.9	9.2	-2.7	6.1	6.3	6.2	10.2	12.0	13.0	12.0
August	6.4	5.1	15.9	7.8	10.7	12.0	8.8	11.0	11.9	10.9	11.5	11.4
September	4.1	5.7	16.7	6.3	4.7	9.5	9.7	9.6	15.5	14.2	10.7	12.9
October	7.7	7.5	10.8	8.2	7.0	9.5	1.3	6.9	13.7	6.1	11.9	10.4
November	6.3	7.5	8.7	6.8	11.3	12.3	3.7	9.7	13.4	12.2	5.4	9.3
December	5.1	6.9	5.6	5.4	3.0	7.3	1.4	5.7	12.7	5.7	8.3	8.4
2003	7 -	F 0	4 7	6.0	6.7	E O	E 0	4.6	2.0	4 -	4.0	4.2
January February	7.5 7.2	5.0	1.7 1.3	6.2	6.7 7.0	5.0 4.4	-5.2	1.6	3.0	4.5 4.2	4.9 5.7	4.3
February	1.2	3.6	1.3	5.8	7.0	4.4	-8.0	0.4	10.3	4.2	5.7	6.3
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraph 5 of Explanatory Notes.

RECREATIONAL GOOD RETAILING HOSPITALITY & SERVICES OTHER RETAILING Pharma-Other Newsceutical, paper, recrecosmetic Hotels Cafes book & ational Other & & & toiletry retailing stationery Total all goods licensed restau-Selected Month retailing retailing Total retailing n.e.c. Total clubs rants services Total industries \$ MILLION 2002 February 357.6 530.7 503.5 699.2 1 202.6 707.6 188.2 2 066.0 173.2 1 170.3 12 148 2 March 589.2 765.3 1 307.4 384.3 204.9 542.1 1 286.7 779.2 199.8 2 265.6 13 553.9 April 369.7 560.8 579.6 732.2 1 311.7 1 264.8 761.8 205.2 2 231.8 191.1 13 273.0 May 385.6 194.2 579.8 621.1 789.1 1 410.2 1 285.6 780.6 216.8 2 283.0 14 031.0 June 356.1 190.7 546.8 576.1 709.6 1 285.7 1 254.1 744.1 212.3 2 210.5 13 354.3 591.4 July 395.2 196.3 634.6 717.5 1 352.1 1 358.8 8.008 221.6 2 381.3 13 830.3 August 433.1 208.2 641.3 628.0 770.9 1 399.0 1 374.5 839.8 226.2 2 440.4 14 144.9 215.8 2.353.0 September 386.0 199.8 585.9 611.6 778.1 1.389.6 1 344.4 792.7 13 726.4 October 371.6 208.2 579.8 610.5 863.7 1 474.2 1 338.9 811.0 240.8 2 390.8 14 596.4 November 370.4 246.5 616.9 617.7 950.0 1 567.7 1 361.9 838.6 237.9 2 438.4 15 191.8 December 483.1 400.0 883.0 736.2 1 367.7 2 103.9 1 505.2 936.3 269.9 2 711.4 18 513.5 2003 380.9 244.6 2.459.2 January 212.5 593.5 598.2 781.3 1.379.5 1 373.1 841.5 14 493.9 526.2 740.8 February 352.1 174.1 557.8 1 298.6 1 230.2 766.6 209.6 2 206.4 12 842.8 % CHANGE FROM PRECEDING MONTH 2002 February -7.9-3.0-4.1-6.9 -5.8-7.3-6.5-9.3 -7.2-10.8-16.6March 7.5 11.0 7.7 9.5 8.7 9.9 10.1 6.2 9.7 11.6 18.3 April -3.8 -4.8 -4.3 0.3 -2.2 2.7 -2.1 -6.76.9 -1.7-1.5May 4.3 1.6 3.4 7.2 7.8 7.5 1.6 2.5 5.7 2.3 5.7 June -7.7-1.8-5.7-7.2-10.1-8.8 -2.4-4.7 -2.1-3.2July 11.0 2.9 8.2 10.1 1.1 5.2 8.3 7.6 4.4 7.7 3.6 August 9.6 6.1 8.4 -1.07.4 3.5 1.2 4.9 2.1 2.5 2.3 September -8.6 -10.9-2.60.9 -0.7-2.2-5.6-3.6-3.0-4.0-4.6October -3.74.2 -1.0-0.211.0 6.1 -0.42.3 11.6 1.6 6.3 November -0.3 18.4 6.4 1.2 10.0 6.3 1.7 3.4 4.1 -1.22.0 December 30.4 62.3 43.1 19.2 44.0 34.2 10.5 11.6 13.4 11.2 21.9 2003 -21.1 -46.9-32.8 -18.7-42.9 -34.4 -8.8 -10.1-9.4 -9.3 -21.7 January February -7.6-18.1-11.3-6.8 -5.2-5.9-10.4-8.9 -14.3-10.3 -11.4% CHANGE FROM CORRESPONDING MONTH OF PREVIOUS YEAR 2002 February 3.8 1.4 6.5 3.7 4.9 7.6 -3.58.1 3.6 6.7 -3.1March 3.5 3.2 3.4 4.4 7.2 6.0 5.1 -6.8 2.4 0.5 5.9 April 17.9 -1.810.4 11.0 4.6 7.4 9.0 -3.5 11.9 4.6 7.4 May 16.4 2.7 11.4 8.9 6.7 7.6 10.6 -3.0 19.3 6.3 9.4 June 8.8 -2.74.5 5.3 3.6 4.3 6.2 16.1 4.3 6.7 -1.6July 13.8 1.7 9.5 9.4 1.9 5.3 8.2 -1.019.1 5.8 7.4 August 19.9 6.7 15.3 3.9 5.5 4.8 6.8 1.0 21.6 5.9 8.3 September 19.0 12.6 8.2 5.5 6.7 5.3 1.6 17.0 5.0 7.3 1.9 October 6.4 6.3 6.4 3.1 7.4 5.6 4.8 1.2 25.9 5.3 7.5 November 3.3 7.0 4.8 2.8 7.7 5.7 6.1 3.8 20.8 6.6 7.5 December 11.0 6.7 9.0 4.8 6.2 5.7 6.3 6.9 20.7 7.8 6.1 2003 4.0 8.8 January 3.4 2.3 3.0 13.9 8.1 11.2 17.8 10.5 6.4 February -1.5-0.910.8 8.0 5.1 8.3 6.8

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraph 5 of Explanatory Notes.

### RETAIL TURNOVER, By State

Month	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
Month	wales	victoria	Queensianu			rasmania	remony	remory	Australia
• • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • •		INAL (\$ r	million)	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
2001									
December	6 137.0	4 218.4	3 234.4	1 273.0	1 704.9	359.0	154.3	375.4	17 456.3
2002	4 745 0	2 040 7	0.004.0	4 000 0	4.054.4	000.0	424.0	000.4	42.040.2
January February	4 745.6 4 226.5	3 212.7 2 897.3	2 604.6 2 261.8	1 003.2 903.0	1 354.4 1 216.4	286.2 260.6	131.2 120.4	280.4 262.1	13 618.3 12 148.2
March	4 669.3	3 258.4	2 533.7	1 034.4	1 340.9	289.6	136.7	290.9	13 553.9
April	4 632.9	3 182.9	2 468.7	989.4	1 296.7	277.6	139.0	285.8	13 273.0
May	4 907.7	3 332.6	2 632.5	1 043.3	1 371.3	293.0	150.6	300.0	14 031.0
June	4 614.7	3 195.2	2 542.5	988.1	1 298.2	275.8	151.0	288.7	13 354.3
July	4 807.5	3 303.3	2 660.9	1 031.6	1 307.5	272.2	161.7	285.6	13 830.3
August	4 938.2	3 328.4	2 705.4	1 067.4	1 361.2	281.0	164.9	298.4	14 144.9
September	4 820.0	3 219.2	2 667.5	1 029.2	1 282.2	269.6	152.1	286.6	13 726.4
October	5 082.3	3 407.1	2 813.5	1 093.4	1 442.0	297.9	153.2	306.9	14 596.4
November	5 298.1	3 582.2	2 882.5	1 151.9	1 490.7	313.1	150.7	322.7	15 191.8
December	6 468.0	4 435.2	3 467.6	1 385.9	1 823.0	387.9	162.7	383.1	18 513.5
2003									
January 	5 036.9	3 407.3	2 829.6	1 085.2	1 412.3	299.5	135.2	288.0	14 493.9
February	4 487.8	3 053.1	2 425.3	955.2	1 251.2	270.6	125.3	274.4	12 842.8
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		EASONALL'		ED (\$ mi	illion)	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
0004		01	-7.00117.121	1 1103001	LD (Ψ III)	1111011)			
2001 December	4 771.2	3 217.9	2 561.6	997.2	1 326.6	279.7	140.1	290.3	13 584.7
2002	4 =0= 0		0.550.0	4 0 4 0 0		005.5	4.4= 0		10 = 11 0
January	4 787.8	3 279.7	2 570.6	1 013.3	1 362.4	285.7	145.6	296.9	13 741.9
February March	4 775.7	3 278.5	2 572.4 2 611.6	1 032.1 1 038.7	1 354.0	284.7	143.9 144.9	297.2 295.7	13 738.5
	4 778.7	3 314.4 3 347.2	2 631.0	1 038.7	1 360.4 1 362.4	284.8 289.9	144.9 147.6	295.7 297.9	13 829.3 13 976.7
April	4 854.9 4 914.5	3 347.2	2 631.2 2 670.1	1 045.6	1 362.4	289.9 294.0	147.6	297.9 298.8	13 976.7
May June	4 934.5	3 404.8	2 675.0	1 061.3	1 390.4	294.8	149.4	303.1	14 213.4
July	4 946.8	3 402.6	2 722.2	1 068.0	1 368.6	291.7	150.4	286.9	14 237.3
August	5 004.4	3 396.5	2 707.8	1 077.4	1 379.4	292.4	149.1	302.9	14 310.0
September	5 018.6	3 404.0	2 764.0	1 082.7	1 379.7	290.4	150.4	303.5	14 393.3
October	5 019.4	3 373.7	2 750.8	1 071.8	1 395.9	296.0	146.8	303.4	14 357.8
November	5 122.1	3 418.3	2 790.8	1 084.9	1 413.5	299.6	148.0	307.1	14 584.3
December	5 040.7	3 398.4	2 760.4	1 084.4	1 423.2	299.0	147.9	300.2	14 454.2
2003									
January	5 026.6	3 423.9	2 771.8	1 089.2	1 414.8	296.7	149.3	303.8	14 476.1
February	5 070.7	3 452.2	2 758.6	1 091.2	1 393.7	295.6	149.8	310.8	14 522.5
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
			TREND ES	STIMATES	(\$ milli	on)			
2001	4.750.0	2.024.0	0.554.4	000.4	4 220 5	000.0	440.7	000.0	42 504 6
December 2002	4 756.3	3 234.8	2 551.4	999.4	1 336.5	280.6	142.7	293.0	13 594.6
January	4 771.4	3 260.6	2 568.3	1 011.9	1 347.3	282.9	143.7	294.8	13 680.9
February	4 791.4	3 288.5	2 588.0	1 024.9	1 356.9	285.3	144.8	296.3	13 776.0
March	4 817.4	3 316.7	2 609.6	1 036.7	1 364.7	287.8	146.0	297.2	13 876.0
April	4 851.0	3 344.9	2 633.7	1 047.0	1 370.5	289.9	147.2	297.6	13 981.8
May	4 888.0	3 369.0	2 659.0	1 055.6	1 374.2	291.4	148.5	297.6	14 083.2
June	4 926.7	3 385.9	2 684.4	1 062.5	1 376.5	292.3	149.3	297.8	14 175.3
July	4 964.7	3 395.7	2 708.5	1 068.6	1 378.8	292.9	149.6	298.6	14 257.5
August	4 997.6	3 399.0	2 730.0	1 073.6	1 383.4	293.5	149.5	299.8	14 326.5
September	5 022.0	3 398.7	2 746.7	1 077.4	1 389.7	294.3	149.0	301.2	14 378.9
October	5 039.2	3 399.7	2 758.5	1 080.2	1 397.2	295.3	148.6	302.6	14 421.2
November	5 051.3	3 404.5	2 765.9	1 082.7	1 404.4	296.5	148.4	303.9	14 457.4
December 2003	5 058.9	3 412.6	2 770.1	1 085.3	1 409.6	297.3	148.4	305.0	14 487.4
January	5 063.9	3 422.3	2 772.0	1 087.9	1 413.0	297.8	148.6	306.3	14 512.3
February	5 064.5	3 432.0	2 773.4	1 090.2	1 414.1	297.9	148.9	306.5	14 529.8



### RETAIL TURNOVER PERCENTAGE CHANGE, By State

24.3 25. 22.7 -23. 10.9 -9. 10.5 120.8 -2. 5.9 46.0 -4. 4.2 3. 2.7 02.4 -3. 5.4 5. 4.2 5. 22.1 23.	GINAL (%  2 23.0  8 -19.5  8 -13.2  5 12.0  3 -2.6  7 6.6  1 -3.4  4 4.7  8 1.7  3 -1.4	21.8 -21.2 -10.0 14.6 -4.3 5.5 -5.3	21.6 -20.6 -10.2 10.2 -3.3	Tasmania  ding mont  22.1  -20.3  -8.9 11.1	5.7 -15.0 -8.2	Capital Territory  23.4  -25.3	Australia 23.6 –22.0
ORI  24.3 25. 22.7 -23. 10.9 -9. 10.5 120.8 -2. 5.9 46.0 -4. 4.2 3. 2.7 0. 2.7 0. 2.4 -3. 5.4 5. 4.2 5. 22.1 23.	GINAL (%  2 23.0  8 -19.5  8 -13.2  5 12.0  3 -2.6  7 6.6  1 -3.4  4 4.7  8 1.7  3 -1.4	21.8 -21.2 -10.0 14.6 -4.3 5.5 -5.3	21.6 -20.6 -10.2 10.2 -3.3	22.1 -20.3 -8.9	5.7 -15.0 -8.2	23.4	23.6
24.3 25. 22.7 -23. 10.9 -9. 10.5 120.8 -2. 5.9 46.0 -4. 4.2 3. 2.7 02.4 -3. 5.4 5. 4.2 5. 22.1 23.	2 23.0 8 -19.5 8 -13.2 5 12.0 3 -2.6 7 6.6 1 -3.4 4 4.7 8 1.7 3 -1.4	21.8 -21.2 -10.0 14.6 -4.3 5.5 -5.3	21.6 -20.6 -10.2 10.2 -3.3	22.1 -20.3 -8.9	5.7 -15.0 -8.2	-25.3	
24.3 25. 22.7 -23. 10.9 -9. 10.5 120.8 -2. 5.9 46.0 -4. 4.2 3. 2.7 02.4 -3. 5.4 5. 4.2 5. 22.1 23.	2 23.0 8 -19.5 8 -13.2 5 12.0 3 -2.6 7 6.6 1 -3.4 4 4.7 8 1.7 3 -1.4	21.8 -21.2 -10.0 14.6 -4.3 5.5 -5.3	21.6 -20.6 -10.2 10.2 -3.3	22.1 -20.3 -8.9	5.7 -15.0 -8.2	-25.3	
22.7 -23. 10.9 -9. 10.5 120.8 -2. 5.9 46.0 -4. 4.2 3. 2.7 02.4 -3. 5.4 5. 4.2 5. 22.1 23.	8 -19.5 8 -13.2 5 12.0 3 -2.6 7 6.6 1 -3.4 4 4.7 8 1.7 3 -1.4	-21.2 -10.0 14.6 -4.3 5.5 -5.3	-20.6 -10.2 10.2 -3.3	-20.3 -8.9	-15.0 -8.2	-25.3	
22.7 -23. 10.9 -9. 10.5 120.8 -2. 5.9 46.0 -4. 4.2 3. 2.7 02.4 -3. 5.4 5. 4.2 5. 22.1 23.	8 -19.5 8 -13.2 5 12.0 3 -2.6 7 6.6 1 -3.4 4 4.7 8 1.7 3 -1.4	-21.2 -10.0 14.6 -4.3 5.5 -5.3	-20.6 -10.2 10.2 -3.3	-20.3 -8.9	-15.0 -8.2	-25.3	
10.9 -9. 10.5 120.8 -2. 5.9 46.0 -4. 4.2 3. 2.7 02.4 -3. 5.4 5. 4.2 5. 22.1 23.	8 -13.2 5 12.0 3 -2.6 7 6.6 1 -3.4 4 4.7 8 1.7 3 -1.4	-10.0 14.6 -4.3 5.5 -5.3	-10.2 10.2 -3.3	-8.9	-8.2		_22 ∩
10.5 12. -0.8 -2. 5.9 4. -6.0 -4. 4.2 3. 2.7 0. -2.4 -3. 5.4 5. 4.2 5. 22.1 23.	5 12.0 3 -2.6 7 6.6 1 -3.4 4 4.7 8 1.7 3 -1.4	14.6 -4.3 5.5 -5.3	10.2 -3.3			6.5	22.0
-0.8 -2. 5.9 4. -6.0 -4. 4.2 3. 2.7 0. -2.4 -3. 5.4 5. 4.2 5. 22.1 23.	3 -2.6 7 6.6 1 -3.4 4 4.7 8 1.7 3 -1.4	-4.3 5.5 -5.3	-3.3	11.1		-6.5	-10.8
5.9 4. -6.0 -4. 4.2 3. 2.7 0. -2.4 -3. 5.4 5. 4.2 5. 22.1 23.	7 6.6 1 -3.4 4 4.7 8 1.7 3 -1.4	5.5 -5.3			13.6	11.0	11.6
-6.0 -4. 4.2 3. 2.7 02.4 -3. 5.4 5. 4.2 5. 22.1 23.	1 -3.4 4 4.7 8 1.7 3 -1.4	-5.3		-4.1	1.6	-1.7	-2.1
4.2 3. 2.7 0. -2.4 -3. 5.4 5. 4.2 5. 22.1 23.	4 4.7 8 1.7 3 -1.4		5.8	5.5	8.3	5.0	5.7
2.7 0. -2.4 -3. 5.4 5. 4.2 5. 22.1 23.	8 1.7 3 –1.4		-5.3 0.7	−5.9 −1.3	0.3 7.1	−3.8 −1.1	-4.8 3.6
-2.4 -3. 5.4 5. 4.2 5. 22.1 23.	3 –1.4		4.1	3.2	2.0	4.5	2.3
5.4 5. 4.2 5. 22.1 23.			-5.8	-4.1	-7.8	-4.0	-3.0
4.2 5. 22.1 23.			12.5	10.5	0.7	7.1	6.3
			3.4	5.1	-1.6	5.1	4.1
	8 20.3	20.3	22.3	23.9	8.0	18.7	21.9
22.1 –23.	2 –18.4	-21.7	-22.5	-22.8	-16.9	-24.8	-21.7
LO.9 –10.	4 –14.3	-12.0	-11.4	-9.6	-7.3	-4.7	-11.4
		• • • • • • • •					
SEASONAL	LY ADJUST	ED (% cha	ange from	precedir	ng month)	)	
			_		_		
0.7 0.	4 1.0	2.4	-0.3	0.6	-2.7	-0.5	0.7
0.7 0.	4 1.0	2.4	-0.3	0.6	-2.7	-0.5	0.7
0.3 1.	9 0.4	1.6	2.7	2.1	3.9	2.3	1.2
-0.3 0.			-0.6	-0.4	-1.2	0.1	0.0
0.1 1.	1 1.5	0.6	0.5	0.0	0.7	-0.5	0.7
1.6 1.	0.8	0.7	0.1	1.8	1.8	0.7	1.1
1.2 0.	4 1.5	0.7	1.5	1.4	0.8	0.3	1.0
0.4 1.	3 0.2	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.4	1.4	0.6
			-1.6	-1.1	0.6	-5.3	0.2
							0.5
							0.6
							-0.2 1.6
							-0.9
-1.0 -0.	0 –1.1	0.0	0.7	-0.2	-0.1	-2.5	-0.9
-0.3 0.	7 0.4	0.4	-0.6	-0.8	1.0	1.2	0.2
			-1.5	-0.3	0.3	2.3	0.3
	ESTIMATES						
0.3 0.	7 0.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.6
0.3 0.	8 0.7	1.3	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.6
0.4 0.	9 0.8	1.3	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.7
	9 0.8	1.2	0.6	0.9	0.8	0.3	0.7
			0.4	0.8	0.9	0.1	0.8
							0.7
							0.7
							0.6
							0.5
							0.4 0.3
0.0							0.3
					.0.1	0.4	
0.2 0.	٧.٧	ロ.ノ	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.2
0.2 0.		0.2	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.2
0.2 0.			0.4	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.2
	0.4 1 0.3 -0. 1.2 -0 0.3 0 0.0 -0 2.0 1 1.6 -0 0.3 0 0.9 0  TREND E  0.3 0 0.4 0 0.5 0 0.7 0 0.8 0 0.8 0 0.8 0 0.7 0 0.8 0 0.7 0 0.8 0 0.7 0 0.8 0 0.7 0 0.8 0 0.7 0 0.8 0 0.7 0 0.8 0 0.7 0 0.8 0 0.7 0 0.8 0 0.7 0 0.8 0 0.7 0 0.8 0 0.7 0 0.8 0 0.7 0 0.8 0 0.7 0 0.8 0 0.7 0 0.8 0 0.9 0	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4



### RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)—New South Wales

	Food	Department	Clothing and soft good	Household good	Recreational good	Other	Hospitality and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	ORIGIN	IAL (\$ mil	llion)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	
2001								
December	2 086.3	792.5	464.8	718.0	268.6	723.1	1 083.6	6 137.0
2002								
January	1 930.5 1 713.7	351.7 290.9	333.3 272.1	559.5 472.0	187.7	443.2 420.1	939.6	4 745.6 4 226.5
February March	1 893.5	350.5	304.5	517.1	180.9 207.0	420.1 456.3	876.9 940.4	4 669.3
April	1 795.4	364.4	303.1	545.7	197.3	466.1	960.8	4 632.9
May	1 868.8	420.1	339.3	587.1	200.0	499.5	993.0	4 907.7
June	1 767.6	381.1	290.5	585.4	188.3	447.4	954.4	4 614.7
July	1 862.0	361.2	297.0	626.1	202.9	476.3	982.0	4 807.5
August	1 908.7	367.2	292.7	630.7	223.5	499.8	1 015.7	4 938.2
September	1 849.5	364.5	304.0	611.7	197.2	504.2	989.1	4 820.0
October	1 980.8	417.2	329.1	647.2	186.6	513.6	1 007.8	5 082.3
November	1 971.9	507.9	345.1	685.1	210.8	564.0	1 013.3	5 298.1
December 2003	2 196.9	801.2	483.1	830.0	283.5	758.4	1 114.8	6 468.0
January	2 022.5	369.8	319.4	629.2	189.5	472.8	1 033.7	5 036.9
February	1 807.1	301.2	251.4	559.4	176.2	461.6	930.9	4 487.8
-								
		SEAS	ONALLY	ADJUSTED	) (\$ millio:	n)		
2001								
December	1 833.6	408.4	318.4	556.9	196.4	496.4	961.2	4 771.2
2002								
January	1 875.2	400.4	339.1	563.4	197.0	479.9	932.7	4 787.8
February	1 851.9	411.0	346.9	530.5	200.0	478.3	957.0	4 775.7
March April	1 859.6 1 849.4	408.5 402.6	326.7 317.9	547.1 599.9	209.1 204.9	495.1 494.0	932.6 986.1	4 778.7 4 854.9
May	1 849.4	402.8 417.8	317.9	599.9 595.6	204.9	494.0 494.8	986.1	4 854.9 4 914.5
June	1 863.9	443.3	313.5	596.9	209.3	497.9	1 009.7	4 934.5
July	1 928.8	380.4	313.1	631.6	205.5	502.4	985.0	4 946.8
August	1 901.1	406.1	318.9	634.1	221.4	520.9	1 002.0	5 004.4
September	1 924.2	417.6	323.1	636.7	202.0	518.5	996.6	5 018.6
October	1 925.8	420.1	322.3	640.8	196.4	511.3	1 002.7	5 019.4
November	1 948.8	445.3	329.4	657.4	204.7	532.8	1 003.6	5 122.1
December	1 937.4	414.9	323.0	638.9	203.1	516.2	1 007.2	5 040.7
2003	4 050 4	100 =	200.0		404 =	=0.4.0		
January	1 952.4	423.5	322.2	627.7	194.7	501.8	1 004.4	5 026.6
February	1 955.6	425.9	320.4	631.5	194.1	525.4	1 017.6	5 070.7
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	TR	END EST	IMATES (	\$ million)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	, • • • • • • •
2001								
December 2002	1 838.8	403.1	323.5	544.9	196.6	489.5	962.6	4 756.3
January	1 849.4	405.9	329.5	548.6	199.2	489.6	952.1	4 771.4
February	1 855.9	407.9	331.6	554.8	201.7	489.6	952.1 951.4	4 771.4
March	1 860.4	409.1	329.6	564.5	204.3	490.1	959.2	4 817.4
April	1 865.9	410.0	325.0	577.7	206.9	492.3	971.8	4 851.0
May	1 874.0	410.1	319.7	592.9	209.0	495.9	984.6	4 888.0
June	1 885.1	410.5	316.1	608.5	210.0	501.1	994.3	4 926.7
July	1 898.4	411.8	315.8	622.7	209.8	507.2	999.3	4 964.7
August	1 911.6	414.4	318.1	633.3	208.5	512.7	1 000.6	4 997.6
September	1 922.4	417.8	321.0	639.3	206.5	516.5	1 000.4	5 022.0
October	1 930.8	421.3	323.0	642.3	204.1	518.5	1 001.1	5 039.2
November	1 938.0	424.3	324.0	642.3	201.5	518.7	1 003.6	5 051.3
December 2003	1 944.5	426.1	324.1	640.4	199.1	518.1	1 006.5	5 058.9
January	1 949.7	427.0	323.7	637.4	197.1	517.5	1 009.4	5 063.9
February	1 955.7	426.9	322.8	634.6	194.8	516.4	1 011.2	5 064.5

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.



### RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)—Victoria

	Food	Department	Clothing and soft good	Household good	Recreational good	Other	Hospitality and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	ORIGIN	AL (\$ mil	lion)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	
2001								
December	1 546.4	563.8	316.7	648.2	195.1	444.2	503.8	4 218.4
2002								
January	1 385.9	247.9	209.5	505.3	140.1	288.6	435.3	3 212.7
February	1 255.9	203.0	180.3	444.1	121.7	272.5	419.8	2 897.3
March	1 406.9	261.2	213.3	484.9	135.0	288.8	468.4	3 258.4
April May	1 310.9 1 384.8	273.3 287.1	250.3 257.9	495.2 512.4	126.4 138.7	296.0 322.2	430.9 429.6	3 182.9 3 332.6
June	1 304.6	295.2	237.9	534.3	126.7	284.3	429.0	3 195.2
July	1 377.2	261.0	233.4	502.4	145.1	304.7	479.5	3 303.3
August	1 412.8	246.4	230.6	496.2	154.6	319.8	468.1	3 328.4
September	1 365.1	247.3	236.2	478.3	138.1	318.1	436.0	3 219.2
October	1 460.6	285.3	252.2	514.0	141.3	334.5	419.2	3 407.1
November	1 483.9	364.2	265.6	536.2	147.2	350.6	434.4	3 582.2
December	1 625.2	580.8	341.3	674.6	230.2	483.2	500.0	4 435.2
2003								
January 	1 506.9	264.7	209.2	502.8	139.0	310.9	473.7	3 407.3
February	1 355.4	219.5	190.8	446.1	120.9	306.1	414.2	3 053.1
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	0540		ND III CTED	· (ф:II:		• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
		SEAS	ONALLY A	ADJUSTED	) (\$ million	)		
2001 December	1 335.8	284.5	219.8	495.1	126.5	309.1	447.1	3 217.9
2002	1 333.6	204.5	213.0	493.1	120.5	309.1	447.1	3 211.3
January	1 360.1	285.5	226.3	503.8	135.3	323.0	445.7	3 279.7
February	1 354.4	286.3	226.1	500.7	139.6	316.2	455.1	3 278.5
March	1 371.5	291.5	230.6	517.1	145.5	309.6	448.6	3 314.4
April	1 380.1	294.6	239.3	535.0	139.6	314.9	443.8	3 347.2
May	1 390.4	298.4	243.8	522.0	147.6	325.9	431.9	3 360.0
June	1 389.2	319.9	240.0	549.1	141.5	316.7	448.4	3 404.8
July August	1 409.0 1 404.0	277.2 282.9	243.7 255.4	519.7 513.6	152.6 158.9	321.6 325.0	478.8 456.6	3 402.6 3 396.5
September	1 428.5	289.1	258.3	505.1	144.2	330.2	448.7	3 404.0
October	1 438.6	292.8	251.2	505.3	146.8	319.8	419.2	3 373.7
November	1 443.9	321.3	250.1	500.5	141.3	329.3	431.9	3 418.3
December	1 429.3	298.8	238.4	513.7	147.4	325.8	444.9	3 398.4
2003								
January	1 442.7	308.5	225.1	497.6	133.0	348.7	468.4	3 423.9
February	1 458.5	308.7	239.2	503.4	139.8	353.7	449.0	3 452.2
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •			MATEC (6	million)	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
		IK	END ESTI	WATES (	<b>р</b> ППППОП)			
2001	1 2 1 2 1	284.9	220.2	E04.0	400.0	200.0	445.0	0.004.0
December 2002	1 343.1	284.9	220.2	501.0	132.8	308.6	445.2	3 234.8
January	1 351.3	286.7	223.9	504.1	135.4	312.0	447.3	3 260.6
February	1 360.4	289.3	223.9	510.1	135.4	314.9	447.3 447.2	3 288.5
March	1 369.6	292.1	232.1	517.9	140.6	316.6	446.4	3 316.7
April	1 378.4	294.6	236.3	525.3	143.5	317.8	447.5	3 344.9
May	1 386.6	295.3	240.6	529.8	146.2	318.9	450.3	3 369.0
June	1 395.5	294.5	244.9	529.1	148.3	320.5	452.6	3 385.9
July	1 405.1	293.4	249.1	524.4	149.6	322.1	452.4	3 395.7
August	1 414.7	293.0	251.9	517.6	150.0	323.1	449.8	3 399.0
September	1 423.3	294.5	252.2	511.0	149.1	324.2	445.9	3 398.7
October	1 430.7	297.8	250.0	506.7	146.8	326.4	442.4	3 399.7
November	1 436.9	301.9	246.0	504.4	144.1	330.3	441.3	3 404.5
December 2003	1 442.1	305.7	241.3	503.3	141.5	335.3	443.3	3 412.6
January	1 446.5	308.6	236.9	502.9	139.3	340.6	446.7	3 422.3
	± 440.0	300.0	230.9	502.9	109.0	340.0	440.1	J <del>4</del> ∠∠.3
February	1 450.6	311.0	232.9	502.5	137.5	345.8	451.8	3 432.0

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.



### RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)—Queensland

	Food	Department	Clothing and soft good	Household good	Recreational good	Other	Hospitality and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	ORIGIN	AL (\$ mil	lion)	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
2001				**	,			
December	1 146.7	374.4	246.0	472.8	160.9	384.6	449.1	3 234.4
2002								
January	1 080.9	178.0	179.3	395.3	120.8	246.2	404.0	2 604.6
February	963.4	134.8	128.5	343.6	105.9	228.1	357.5	2 261.8
March	1 090.9	167.4	145.6	364.4	113.6	252.2	399.6	2 533.7
April	1 026.2	168.1	151.1	363.8	114.1	244.0	401.4	2 468.7
May	1 089.1	188.3	165.4	394.3	116.1	262.5	416.9	2 632.5
June	1 022.9	183.9	157.5	403.2	113.2	252.3	409.5	2 542.5
July	1 077.7	181.3	160.5	417.7	109.9	252.9	460.8	2 660.9
August	1 095.1	183.0	162.8	422.2	122.5	246.8	472.9	2 705.4
September	1 048.5	186.3	177.2	424.5	124.0	245.5	461.3	2 667.5
October November	1 110.9	204.3 247.9	184.4 191.2	424.3 434.1	120.4	299.0	470.2	2 813.5 2 882.5
	1 090.4 1 184.4				121.3 168.7	307.7	489.9 537.7	2 882.5 3 467.6
December 2003	1 184.4	384.9	260.4	512.1	108.7	419.4	537.7	3 401.0
January	1 141.8	188.5	200.9	398.1	121.4	304.7	474.1	2 829.6
February	1 002.3	149.7	141.8	346.9	98.8	257.9	427.8	2 425.3
		SEAS	ONALLY A	ADJUSTED	(\$ million			
2001								
December 2002	1 046.9	197.9	174.3	376.0	111.1	270.3	385.0	2 561.6
January	1 046.8	193.5	170.3	383.5	118.1	256.3	402.2	2 570.6
February	1 047.9	189.7	164.8	382.3	119.7	267.7	400.3	2 572.4
March	1 061.6	196.1	170.6	382.7	120.5	274.7	405.3	2 611.6
April	1 059.4	195.2	165.3	397.6	125.5	263.6	424.5	2 631.2
May	1 073.9	201.2	168.4	406.9	126.3	264.8	428.5	2 670.1
June	1 071.8	201.5	168.1	419.4	125.2	266.1	422.9	2 675.0
July	1 093.1	190.1	162.7	420.6	117.9	264.4	473.5	2 722.2
August	1 084.7	200.4	172.0	421.5	124.9	245.4	459.0	2 707.8
September	1 083.0	201.7	172.6	445.1	128.5	266.0	467.1	2 764.0 2 750.8
October November	1 089.8 1 095.9	203.1	174.3	421.5	118.5	286.7	456.9	
December	1 095.9	217.8 206.1	183.1 183.1	414.1 406.2	118.7 118.8	290.0 296.2	471.3 466.5	2 790.8 2 760.4
2003	1 083.4	206.1	183.1	406.2	110.0	296.2	400.5	2 760.4
January	1 090.4	207.9	186.0	382.5	116.5	323.1	465.5	2 771.8
February	1 089.4	210.4	183.6	385.6	110.0	301.9	477.7	2 758.6
	1 00011		100.0			001.0		2.00.0
		TR	END ESTI	MATES (	\$ million)			
2001								
December 2002	1 043.7	192.9	169.7	374.1	112.7	262.6	395.8	2 551.4
January	1 047.8	194.3	169.9	379.9	115.8	265.0	395.6	2 568.3
February	1 052.3	195.2	169.2	385.3	119.2	267.0	399.9	2 588.0
March	1 057.8	195.6	168.1	390.7	121.8	267.7	407.9	2 609.6
April	1 064.2	196.1	167.1	397.6	123.6	266.5	418.6	2 633.7
May	1 070.9	196.7	166.6	406.3	124.4	264.0	430.1	2 659.0
June	1 077.2	197.3	166.7	415.6	124.6	261.5	441.4	2 684.4
July	1 082.5	198.4	167.8	423.6	124.3	260.4	451.5	2 708.5
August	1 086.1	200.1	169.9	428.2	123.7	262.7	459.1	2 730.0
September	1 088.1	202.5	173.0	427.5	122.7	269.4	463.5	2 746.7
October	1 088.9	205.2	176.5	422.0	121.4	279.1	465.7	2 758.5
November December 2003	1 089.2 1 089.4	207.6 209.4	179.8 182.5	413.6 404.1	119.6 117.5	289.6 299.2	466.8 468.1	2 765.9 2 770.1
January	1 089.3	210.5	184.7	395.0	115.4	307.1	469.4	2 772.0
February	1 089.9	210.7	185.9	386.6	113.1	313.7	472.0	2 773.4

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.



### RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)—South Australia

	Food	Department	Clothing and soft good	Household good	Recreational good	Other	Hospitality and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	ORIGI	NAL (\$ mi	illion)	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •
2001					,			
December	486.4	184.3	69.0	156.9	45.0	149.3	182.1	1 273.0
2002								
January	440.0	86.8	48.9	128.0	28.2	100.8	170.6	1 003.2
February	392.6	69.9	39.9	119.0	26.1	97.5	158.2	903.0
March	452.2	90.7	50.2	122.3	30.6	110.4	177.9	1 034.4
April	414.0	89.3	53.8	128.9	24.2	113.6	165.7	989.4
May	440.9	97.7	56.0	140.8	24.7	118.6	164.7	1 043.3
June	406.9	97.3	54.9	136.3	22.7	110.9	159.2	988.1
July	438.1	91.8	53.2	131.8	28.3	113.3	175.2	1 031.6
August	458.9	88.7	50.9	128.4	31.4	122.9	186.3	1 067.4
September	429.7	87.0	51.9	127.9	30.0	119.7	183.1	1 029.2
October	463.4	97.8	59.0	140.7	32.5	118.1	181.9	1 093.4
November	464.6	125.9	64.2	149.6	33.2	127.0	187.4	1 151.9
December	517.5	190.7	84.6	177.4	51.2	151.9	212.6	1 385.9
2003	100.1	04.0	50.0	400.4	0.4.4	400.4	100.4	4 005 0
January	466.1	91.6	59.6	133.4	34.1	108.1	192.4	1 085.2
February	419.2	73.8	47.4	114.5	31.5	102.2	166.6	955.2
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	
		SEA	SONALLY	ADJUSTE	D (\$ millior	١)		
2001								
December	428.6	99.3	49.1	123.3	28.8	112.2	155.9	997.2
2002	428.6	99.3	49.1	123.3	28.8	112.2	155.9	991.2
January	426.6	98.8	52.2	130.8	28.6	108.9	167.5	1 013.3
February	430.2	98.5	53.7	136.4	29.5	111.6	172.2	1 013.3
March	433.3	100.6	53.6	134.3	30.0	115.0	171.9	1 032.1
April	436.7	97.9	52.4	137.6	28.3	118.4	174.3	1 045.6
May	441.0	100.4	53.6	142.3	27.4	117.7	171.1	1 043.0
June	436.4	108.0	55.0	141.8	26.1	120.0	173.9	1 061.3
July	455.5	92.3	53.9	136.1	29.9	117.7	182.6	1 068.0
August	448.9	99.0	55.2	128.0	32.8	125.8	187.7	1 077.4
September	452.5	99.9	56.0	134.3	31.6	123.0	185.5	1 082.7
October	449.8	102.2	58.0	133.8	32.7	117.6	177.7	1 071.8
November	451.1	106.0	59.6	138.4	31.9	118.4	179.5	1 084.9
December	457.4	105.2	61.7	136.8	33.1	112.5	177.8	1 084.4
2003		200.2	02	100.0	33.1	112.0	20	2 00
January	451.0	105.3	63.0	133.8	34.3	116.1	185.7	1 089.2
February	459.0	104.1	64.0	131.0	35.0	116.9	181.1	1 091.2
,								
•	• • • • • • • •	T	REND ES	TIMATES (	(\$ million)			•
2001								
December	425.7	98.2	50.2	126.2	28.0	111.7	159.5	999.4
2002	425.1	96.2	50.2	120.2	26.0	111.7	159.5	999.4
January	428.1	99.0	51.3	129.7	28.7	111.8	163.5	1 011.9
February	430.5	99.3	52.3	133.4	28.9	112.6	167.6	1 011.9
March	430.5	99.4	53.1	136.7	28.7	114.1	170.9	1 024.9
April	436.5	99.4	53.5	138.7	28.3	116.2	173.6	1 030.7
May	440.2	99.5	53.8	139.0	28.3	118.4	175.9	1 047.0
June	443.8	99.6	54.0	137.9	28.7	120.1	178.2	1 062.5
July	447.1	99.9	54.5	136.3	29.5	121.3	180.4	1 062.5
August	449.5	100.6	55.4	135.1	30.5	121.4	181.9	1 003.6
September	451.1	101.5	56.6	134.4	31.6	120.6	182.4	1 073.0
October	451.1	102.6	58.0	134.4	32.4	119.3	182.0	1 077.4
November	452.9	103.7	59.6	134.4	32.9	117.8	181.2	1 080.2
December	453.8	104.6	61.2	135.0	33.4	116.4	180.8	1 085.3
2003								
January	454.7	105.2	62.6	134.7	33.9	115.5	180.7	1 087.9
February	456.1	105.7	63.7	134.4	34.3	114.5	180.8	1 090.2

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.



### RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)—Western Australia

	Food	Danartmant	Clothing and soft	Household	Recreational	Othor	Hospitality	
Month	retailing	Department stores	good retailing	good retailing	good retailing	Other retailing	and services	Total
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	ORIGII	NAL (\$ mi	llion)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
2001			011.011	(+	,			
December	654.9	211.8	128.5	245.5	90.9	187.7	185.6	1 704.9
2002	054.9	211.8	128.5	245.5	90.9	101.1	185.0	1 704.9
January	599.8	95.7	83.5	202.6	65.7	129.9	177.2	1 354.4
February	547.4	83.3	71.0	172.8	61.8	121.0	159.2	1 216.4
March	608.0	100.3	78.2	185.3	68.7	126.6	173.8	1 340.9
April	566.7	104.2	89.7	177.4	66.6	120.3	171.7	1 296.7
May	596.5	112.7	97.0	193.3	66.5	131.7	173.6	1 371.3
June	558.8	105.7	89.9	194.1	63.9	122.2	163.6	1 298.2
July	579.3	104.4	82.5	168.1	71.1	128.4	173.7	1 307.5
August	604.1	104.8	83.8	179.1	73.8	130.9	184.7	1 361.2
September	568.0	100.3	78.4	170.3	64.6	124.2	176.3	1 282.2
October	630.1	122.3	86.9	206.5	67.2	131.1	197.8	1 442.0
November	641.3	149.1	91.5	207.1	70.0	134.5	197.1	1 490.7
December	719.2	231.1	127.3	240.9	100.0	182.8	221.7	1 823.0
2003								
January	648.1	109.9	82.3	201.1	77.1	114.2	179.7	1 412.3
February	580.8	90.4	66.3	175.5	65.5	106.9	165.7	1 251.2
• • • • • • • • • •						• • • • • • • •		
		SEA	SONALLY	ADJUSTE	O (\$ millior	1)		
2001								
	F70.7	440.0	00.7	100.1	67.0	425.0	100.0	4 200 0
December 2002	570.7	110.3	88.7	193.1	67.2	135.9	160.8	1 326.6
January	586.5	110.5	88.2	198.0	65.6	134.5	179.1	1 362.4
February	585.6	113.1	88.6	193.2	68.3	133.9	171.3	1 354.0
March	587.9	113.1	87.2	196.5	72.4	133.8	169.5	1 360.4
April	585.8	114.2	91.2	190.5	69.7	131.7	177.6	1 362.4
May	596.0	112.8	89.9	197.3	68.7	137.8	180.3	1 382.9
June	598.3	118.5	91.7	197.6	68.7	138.2	177.5	1 390.4
July	602.9	110.6	87.4	177.8	70.7	136.7	182.5	1 368.6
August	600.6	115.7	89.2	183.6	73.8	133.1	183.4	1 379.4
September	609.1	119.9	89.2	181.4	68.8	128.1	183.1	1 379.4
October	615.9	122.2	85.7	193.8	70.2	123.6	184.5	1 395.9
November	626.2	129.7	83.2	194.6	67.6	123.2	189.0	1 413.5
December	628.1	124.8	88.5	191.0	72.6	130.1	188.1	1 423.2
2003	028.1	124.6	88.5	191.0	12.0	130.1	100.1	1 423.2
January	626.7	127.5	86.4	199.0	75.4	119.7	180.1	1 414.8
February	621.4	122.4	83.0	196.8	72.5	118.5	179.0	1 393.7
rebrudry	021.1	122.1	00.0	100.0	12.0	110.0	110.0	1 000.1
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	т	REND EST	IMATES (	\$ million)	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •
0001								
2001	E74 0	444.5	00.0	404=	22.2	407.0	404 =	4 000 =
December	571.6	111.0	88.2	194.7	66.3	137.0	161.5	1 336.5
2002	/b) 501 0	444.0	00.0	4045	07.4	405.0	(b) 400 0	4 0 4 = -
January	(b)581.8	111.6	88.6	194.8	67.4	135.8	(b) 169.8	1 347.3
February	585.0	112.3	89.0	195.4	68.4	134.7	172.8	1 356.9
March	588.0	112.8	89.3	195.7	69.2	134.4	174.9	1 364.7
April	590.9	113.2	89.6	194.8	69.8	135.1	176.6	1 370.5
May	593.6	113.5	90.0	192.4	70.1	136.0	178.0	1 374.2
June	596.7	114.1	89.9	189.6	70.3	135.9	179.6	1 376.5
July	600.7	115.4	89.4	187.1	70.3	134.6	181.5	1 378.8
August	605.7	117.5	88.6	185.8	70.2	132.4	183.4	1 383.4
September	611.1	120.1	87.7	186.4	70.2	129.8	184.7	1 389.7
October	616.3	122.7	86.9	188.6	70.5	127.1	185.4	1 397.2
November	620.8	124.6	86.2	191.6	70.9	125.0	185.3	1 404.4
December	624.3	125.8	85.7	194.3	71.6	123.3	184.7	1 409.6
2003			_					
	626.6 628.1	126.4 126.4	85.2 84.7	196.6 198.0	72.4 73.0	121.7 120.5	183.5 182.2	1 413.0 1 414.1

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

<sup>(</sup>b) Break in series. See the 'Trend Estimates' section of the Explanatory Notes.



### RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)—Tasmania

	Food	Department	Clothing and soft good	Household good	Recreational good	Other	Hospitality and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	ORIGIN	IAL (\$ mil	lion)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
2001					,			
	122.7	nn	22.0	56 F	24.0	nn	24.7	250.0
December 2002	132.7	np	22.9	56.5	24.9	np	34.7	359.0
January	126.0	nn	15.6	42.8	16.9	nn	32.2	286.2
February	114.4	np	14.7	38.4	16.6	np	29.9	260.2
March	127.5	np np	15.9	42.1	16.6	np	32.1	289.6
April	119.3	np	16.5	43.4	14.6	np np	29.3	277.6
May	124.5	•	18.1	45.4 45.9	15.3		30.0	293.0
June	116.6	np	16.1	46.9	14.4	np	27.9	293.0
July	115.1	np	14.8	44.3	14.3	np	28.7	273.8
•	119.1	np	15.3	44.3 47.0	14.3 14.8	np	28.7 29.5	281.0
August		np				np		
September	112.7	np	14.3	44.7	13.7	np	29.7	269.6
October	125.6	np	14.4	49.0	14.2	np	32.8	297.9
November	124.1	np	18.1	49.6	15.7	np	35.1	313.1
December	136.0	np	25.0	59.7	24.7	np	42.3	387.9
2003					_			
January	129.2	np	15.8	44.9	15.5	np	33.7	299.5
February	115.9	np	13.9	41.5	14.9	np	31.0	270.6
• • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • •
		SEAS	SONALLY	ADJUSTED	(\$ million)			
2001								
December 2002	118.1	np	15.8	43.7	16.2	np	29.4	279.7
January	121.7	np	16.4	44.2	16.0	np	29.8	285.7
February	120.5	np	16.9	43.8	16.8	np	30.3	284.7
March	120.1	np	16.5	44.7	17.1	np	28.7	284.8
April	125.2	np	15.8	45.6	15.6	np	29.4	289.9
May	123.5	np	17.0	46.7	16.3	np	30.6	294.0
June	123.4	np	16.7	47.4	16.5	np	31.3	294.8
July	121.2	np	16.2	47.1	16.0	np	32.4	291.7
August	120.2	np	17.7	48.1	16.3	np	32.5	292.4
September	118.8	np	16.2	47.2	15.5	np	32.6	290.4
October	123.0	np	15.8	46.9	14.9	np	33.1	296.0
November	123.7	•	16.6	46.7	15.4		33.6	299.6
December	123.7	np				np	34.6	299.0
<b>2003</b>	121.4	np	16.9	45.5	16.7	np	34.0	299.0
	400.0		40.4	10.7	44.0		20.0	000.7
January	122.8	np	16.4	46.7	14.6	np	30.9	296.7
February	121.6	np	16.1	47.2	14.7	np	31.3	295.6
• • • • • • • • • • • •		T i	REND EST	IMATES (\$	million)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
2001								
December	119.0	np	16.2	43.0	16.2	np	29.9	280.6
2002	.=.=							
January	119.8	np	16.4	43.7	16.4	np	29.6	282.9
February	121.0	np	16.5	44.4	16.4	np	29.5	285.3
March	122.2	np	16.5	45.1	16.4	np	29.6	287.8
April	122.9	np	16.5	45.7	16.4	np	29.9	289.9
May	122.9		16.6	46.4	16.3		30.5	291.4
•		np				np		
June	122.4	np	16.6	47.0	16.2	np	31.1	292.3
July	121.8	np	16.6	47.4	16.0	np	31.9	292.9
August	121.3	np	16.6	47.5	15.9	np	32.6	293.5
September	121.2	np	16.6	47.2	15.8	np	33.0	294.3
October	121.5	np	16.5	46.9	15.6	np	33.2	295.3
November	121.9	np	16.5	46.7	15.5	np	33.1	296.5
	122.3	np	16.4	46.6	15.4	np	32.8	297.3
December								
2003								
	122.5 122.6	np np	16.4 16.3	46.5 46.5	15.2 15.1	np np	32.5 32.1	297.8 297.9

applicable, unless otherwise indicated

np not available for publication but included in totals where (a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.



## ${\sf RETAIL\ TURNOVER,\ By\ Industry\ Group(a)-Northern\ Territory}$

	Food	Department	Clothing and soft good	Household good	Recreational good	Other	Hospitality and	T-2 1
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	ORIGIN	NAL (\$ mi	llion)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
2001								
December	64.9	np	10.1	21.8	5.4	np	24.4	154.3
2002								
January	61.3	np	6.8	17.8	4.9	np	21.5	131.2
February	56.9	np	5.8	16.2	4.7	np	19.4	120.4
March	65.8	np	6.1	17.5	5.2	np	22.9	136.7
April	65.3	np	6.4	18.2	4.9	np	22.7	139.0
May	71.5	np	7.6	18.7	5.2	np	25.1	150.6
June	70.3	np	7.6	19.3	5.2	np	25.1	151.0
July	76.4	np	8.6	16.2	5.8	np	27.7	161.7
August	77.8	np	8.5	17.8	6.2	np	27.4	164.9
September	72.2	np	7.9	17.0	5.5	np	24.8	152.1
October	73.4	np	7.8	16.6	5.1	np	26.4	153.2
November	70.0	np	8.0	16.3	4.9	np	26.0	150.7
December	72.3	np	9.3	18.2	6.0	np	25.3	162.7
2003								
January	66.0	np	6.1	16.4	3.8	np	21.9	135.2
February	61.9	np	5.4	14.9	4.1	np	20.0	125.3
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •			ADJUCTED		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
2001		SEA	SUNALLY	ADJUSTEL	) (\$ million	)		
December	64.2	np	7.5	18.9	4.7	np	24.5	140.1
2002	04.2	пр	7.5	10.9	4.7	пр	24.5	140.1
January	66.8	np	7.8	19.0	5.4	np	24.9	145.6
February	65.8	np	7.7	18.3	5.3	np	24.6	143.9
March	67.1	np	7.4	18.6	5.3	np	24.6	144.9
April	68.2	np	7.3	18.8	5.3	np	24.3	147.6
May	69.4	np	8.1	18.1	5.2	np	24.5	148.8
June	68.8	np	7.7	18.9	5.1	np	24.4	149.4
July	71.0	np	7.7	16.5	5.6	np	24.6	150.4
August	70.2	np	7.5	17.9	5.7	np	24.0	149.1
September	71.3	np	7.8	17.1	5.4	np	24.4	150.4
October	71.1	np	7.3	16.1	5.0	np	24.6	146.8
November	70.9	np	7.5	15.8	5.0	np	24.6	148.0
December	71.7	np	7.0	15.4	5.1	np	25.1	147.9
2003								
January	71.7	np	7.1	16.9	4.3	np	25.2	149.3
February	71.4	np	7.0	16.8	4.7	np	25.5	149.8
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •		• • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
		T	REND EST	IMATES (	\$ million)			
2001	05.0		7.0	40 =			04.0	4.40 =
December 2002	65.6	np	7.6	18.7	5.0	np	24.8	142.7
	66.1	np	7.6	18.8	5.1	np	24.7	143.7
January		np	7.6	18.8	5.2	np	24.6	144.8
January February	66.6			18.7	5.3	np	24.5	146.0
•	66.6 67.2	np	7.6	10.7				147.2
February		np np	7.6 7.6	18.5	5.3	np	24.5	± 11.2
February March	67.2	•			5.3 5.4	np np	24.5 24.4	
February March April	67.2 68.0	np	7.6	18.5		•		148.5
February March April May	67.2 68.0 68.8	np np	7.6 7.7	18.5 18.3	5.4	np	24.4	148.5 149.3
February March April May June	67.2 68.0 68.8 69.6	np np np	7.6 7.7 7.7	18.5 18.3 18.1	5.4 5.4	np np	24.4 24.3	148.5 149.3 149.6
February March April May June July	67.2 68.0 68.8 69.6 70.2	np np np np	7.6 7.7 7.7 7.7	18.5 18.3 18.1 17.7	5.4 5.4 5.4	np np np	24.4 24.3 24.3	148.5 149.3 149.6 149.5
February March April May June July August	67.2 68.0 68.8 69.6 70.2 70.6	np np np np	7.6 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.7	18.5 18.3 18.1 17.7 17.2	5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4	np np np np	24.4 24.3 24.3 24.3	148.5 149.6 149.5 149.0
February March April May June July August September	67.2 68.0 68.8 69.6 70.2 70.6 70.9	np np np np np	7.6 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.6	18.5 18.3 18.1 17.7 17.2 16.7	5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.3	np np np np np	24.4 24.3 24.3 24.3 24.4	148.5 149.3 149.6 149.5 149.0
February March April May June July August September October November	67.2 68.0 68.8 69.6 70.2 70.6 70.9 71.1	np np np np np np np	7.6 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.6 7.4	18.5 18.3 18.1 17.7 17.2 16.7	5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.3 5.2	np np np np np np	24.4 24.3 24.3 24.3 24.4 24.6	148.5 149.3 149.6 149.5 148.6 148.6
February March April May June July August September October November December	67.2 68.0 68.8 69.6 70.2 70.6 70.9 71.1 71.3	np np np np np np	7.6 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.6 7.4 7.3	18.5 18.3 18.1 17.7 17.2 16.7 16.4 16.2	5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.3 5.2 5.0	np np np np np	24.4 24.3 24.3 24.3 24.4 24.6 24.8	148.5 149.3 149.6 149.5 149.0 148.6
February March April May June July August September October November December	67.2 68.0 68.8 69.6 70.2 70.6 70.9 71.1 71.3	np np np np np np np	7.6 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.6 7.4 7.3	18.5 18.3 18.1 17.7 17.2 16.7 16.4 16.2	5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.3 5.2 5.0	np np np np np np	24.4 24.3 24.3 24.3 24.4 24.6 24.8	148.5 149.3 149.6 149.5 149.0 148.6 148.4 148.4
February March April May June July August September October November	67.2 68.0 68.8 69.6 70.2 70.6 70.9 71.1 71.3 71.4	np np np np np np np	7.6 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.6 7.4 7.3 7.2	18.5 18.3 18.1 17.7 17.2 16.7 16.4 16.2	5.4 5.4 5.4 5.3 5.2 5.0 4.8	np np np np np np	24.4 24.3 24.3 24.3 24.4 24.6 24.8 25.0	148.5 149.3 149.6 149.5 149.0 148.6 148.4

np not available for publication but included in totals where applicable, unless otherwise indicated

np not available for publication but included in totals where (a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.



	Food	Department	Clothing and soft good	Household good	Recreational good	Other	Hospitality and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	ORIGIN	AL (\$ mil	lion)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
2001			0111 0111	/·- (+ ·····	,			
December	128.2	53.1	26.8	55.1	19.3	41.6	51.3	375.4
2002								
January	113.1	23.5	18.6	44.1	11.8	23.7	45.7	280.4
February	106.2	20.2	17.6	37.7	13.0	22.2	45.2	262.1
March	116.3	24.4	17.8	43.6	12.5	25.6	50.6	290.9
April	110.3	26.2	20.0	43.4	12.7	23.8	49.4	285.8
May	117.2	28.2	21.9	45.0	13.3	24.2	50.2	300.0
June	111.7	27.3	20.1	45.0	12.4	21.4	50.8	288.7
July	110.8	24.4	18.3	40.6	14.1	23.8	53.7	285.6
August	116.7	24.1	18.1	43.9	14.4	25.3	55.9	298.4
September	111.6	24.0	17.1	41.3	12.7	27.4	52.6	286.6
October	118.8	27.5	18.7	49.4	12.5	25.4	54.6	306.9
November	119.7	33.8	20.2	50.8	13.7	29.4	55.2	322.7
December 2003	129.3	52.5	26.8	61.2	18.7	37.5	57.1	383.1
January	114.2	24.2	16.8	51.6	13.1	18.0	50.1	288.0
February	107.0	21.4	15.7	48.3	14.3	17.5	50.2	274.4
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •			ADJUSTED	(\$ million	)	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
2001					•	•		
December 2002	113.2	27.0	18.5	42.8	13.3	27.1	48.4	290.3
January	114.6	27.4	20.5	43.6	13.7	27.5	49.5	296.9
February	114.1	27.7	21.4	42.1	14.7	26.8	50.4	297.2
March	114.5	27.2	19.3	45.6	12.7	27.0	49.5	295.7
April	115.5	27.3	19.0	48.1	13.6	26.3	48.1	297.9
May	115.9	28.1	20.1	46.3	13.5	25.2	49.7	298.8
June	117.1	31.2	19.8	46.8	12.7	24.4	51.2	303.1
July	112.5	24.8	18.0	40.7	13.6	24.9	52.5	286.9
August	114.4	27.8	19.9	45.6	14.7	24.9	55.5	302.9
September	117.0	29.0	19.8	44.0	13.6	26.6	53.5	303.5
October	116.6	28.4	19.3	47.8	13.3	24.8	53.1	303.4
November	115.9	29.7	19.7	47.6	13.0	27.9	53.4	307.1
December 2003	114.4	27.8	19.0	47.4	13.1	24.0	54.5	300.2
	445.0	00.0	10.1	F0.0	45.0	00.0	F40	202.0
January February	115.3 115.3	28.6 29.3	18.4 19.0	50.8 54.1	15.2 16.1	20.8 21.0	54.9 56.0	303.8 310.8
1 oblidary		20.0	20.0	02	10.1			020.0
		TR	END ESTI	MATES (S	million)			
2001								
December	114.0	27.1	19.4	43.4	13.3	26.9	48.9	293.0
2002								
January	114.3	27.3	19.6	43.7	13.5	27.0	49.2	294.8
February	114.7	27.4	19.7	44.4	13.6	26.9	49.2	296.3
March	115.0	27.5	19.7	45.2	13.5	26.5	49.3	297.2
April	115.2	27.6	19.6	45.6	13.5	26.0	49.7	297.6
May	115.3	27.7	19.5	45.6	13.4	25.4	50.4	297.6
June	115.3	27.9	19.4	45.2	13.5	25.1	51.3	297.8
July	115.4	28.1	19.4	44.8	13.6	25.2	52.4	298.6
August	115.5	28.3	19.4	44.6	13.6	25.5	53.2	299.8
September	115.6	28.5	19.5	45.1	13.5	25.7	53.7	301.2
October	115.6	28.6	19.4	46.2	13.5	25.6	53.9	302.6
NI	115.7	28.7	19.3	47.7	13.7	24.9	54.1	303.9
November		28.8	19.1	49.2	14.0	24.0	54.4	305.0
December	115.6	20.0						
December 2003			40.0	E0 =	4	00.0	E 4 0	000 -
December	115.6 115.4 115.2	28.8 28.9	19.0 18.7	50.7 51.8	14.4 14.9	22.9 21.8	54.8 55.1	306.3 306.5

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

### **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

INTRODUCTION

businesses classified by industry, and by state/territory. The principal objective of the series is to show month to month movement of turnover.

**2** Estimates of turnover contained in this publication are compiled from the Retail Business survey which includes about 6,500 retail and selected service businesses. All 'large' businesses are included in the survey, while a sample of about 4,100 'smaller' businesses is selected. The 'large' business' contribution of approximately 55% of the total estimate ensures a highly reliable Australian total turnover estimate.

This publication presents monthly estimates of the value of turnover of retail

SCOPE AND COVERAGE

- 3 The scope of the Retail Business survey is all employing businesses with at least one retail outlet. Like most ABS economic surveys, the frame used for the Retail Business survey is taken from the ABS Business Register which includes registrations to the Australian Taxation Office's (ATO) Pay As You Go Withholding (PAYGW) scheme. Each statistical unit (as defined below) included on the ABS Business Register is classified to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) industry in which it mainly operates. The frame is supplemented with information about business which are classified as non-retail but which have significant retail activity.
- 4 The frame is updated quarterly to take account of new businesses, businesses which have ceased employing, changes in employment levels, changes in industry and other general business changes. The estimates include an allowance for the time it takes a newly registered business to get on to the survey frame. Businesses which have ceased employing are identified when the ATO cancels their Australian Business Number (ABN) and/or PAYGW registration. In addition, businesses with less than 50 employees which did not remit under the PAYGW scheme in each of the previous five quarters are removed from the frame.
- The following industries included in the survey are as defined in ANZSIC:
- Food Retailing

Supermarkets and grocery stores (5110) and non-petrol sales of convenience stores of selected petrol stations

Takeaway food retailing (5125)

Other food retailing

Fresh meat, fish and poultry retailing (5121)

Fruit and vegetable retailing (5122)

Liquor retailing (5123)

Bread and cake retailing (5124)

Specialised food retailing n.e.c. (5129)

- Department Stores (5210)
- Clothing and Soft Good Retailing

Clothing retailing (5221)

Footwear, fabric and other soft good retailing

Footwear retailing (5222)

Fabric and other soft good retailing (5223)

Household Good Retailing

Furniture and floor covering retailing

Furniture retailing (5231)

Floor covering retailing (5232)

Domestic hardware and houseware retailing (5233)

Domestic appliance and recorded music retailing

Domestic appliance retailing (5234)

Recorded music retailing (5235)

SCOPE AND COVERAGE continued

Recreational Good Retailing

Newspaper, book and stationery retailing (5243)

Other recreational goods retailing

Sport and camping equipment retailing (5241)

Toy and game retailing (5242)

Photographic equipment retailing (5244)

Other Retailing

Pharmaceutical, cosmetic and toiletry retailing (5251)

Other retailing n.e.c.

Antique and used good retailing (5252)

Garden supplies retailing (5253)

Flower retailing (5254)

Watch and jewellery retailing (5255)

Retailing n.e.c. (5259)

Hospitality and Services

Hotels and licensed clubs

Pubs, taverns and bars (5720)

Clubs (Hospitality) (5740)

Cafes and restaurants (5730)

Selected services

Video hire outlets (9511)

Hairdressing and beauty salons (9526).

STATISTICAL UNITS DEFINED ON THE ABS BUSINESS REGISTER

- **6** The ABS uses an economic statistics units model on the ABS Business Register to describe the characteristics of businesses, and the structural relationships between related businesses. The units model is also used to break groups of related businesses into relatively homogeneous components that can provide data to the ABS.
- **7** In mid 2002, to better use the information available as a result of The New Tax System, the ABS changed its economic statistics units model. The new units model allocates businesses to one of two sub-populations. The vast majority of businesses are in what is called the ATO Maintained Population, while the remaining businesses are in the ABS Maintained Population. Together, these two sub-populations make up the ABS Business Register population.

ATO Maintained Population

**8** Most businesses and organisations in Australia need to obtain an ABN, and are then included on the ATO Australian Business Register. Most of these businesses have simple structures; therefore the unit registered for an ABN will satisfy ABS statistical requirements. For these businesses, the ABS has aligned its statistical units structure with the ABN unit. The businesses with simple structures constitute the ATO Maintained Population, and the ABN unit is used as the statistical unit for all economic collections.

ABS Maintained Population

**9** For the population of businesses where the ABN unit is not suitable for ABS statistical requirements, the ABS maintains its own units structure through direct contact with each business. These businesses constitute the ABS Maintained Population. This population consists typically of large, complex and diverse businesses. The new statistical units model described below has been introduced to cover such businesses.

Enterprise Group: This is a unit covering all the operations in Australia of one or more legal entities under common ownership and/or control. It covers all the operations in Australia of legal entities which are related in terms of the current Corporations Law (as amended by the Corporations Legislation Amendment Act 1991), including legal entities such as companies, trusts, and partnerships. Majority ownership is not required for control to be exercised.

ABS Maintained Population continued

Enterprise: The enterprise is an institutional unit comprising (i) a single legal entity or business entity, or (ii) more than one legal entity or business entity within the same Enterprise Group and in the same institutional sub-sector (ie they are all classified to a single Standard Institutional Sector Classification of Australia sub-sector).

Type of Activity Unit (TAU): The TAU is comprised of one or more business entities, sub-entities or branches of a business entity within an Enterprise Group that can report production and employment data for similar economic activities. When a minimum set of data items are available, a TAU is created which covers all the operations within an industry sub-division (and the TAU is classified to the relevant sub-division of the ANZSIC). Where a business cannot supply adequate data for each industry, a TAU is formed which contains activity in more than one industry sub-division.

- **10** For more information on the impacts of the introduction of the new economic statistics units model, refer to *Information Paper: Improvements in ABS Economic Statistics [Arising from the New Tax System]* (cat. no. 1372.0).
- **11** Prior to the July 2002 reference month, the Retail Business survey used the management unit as the statistical unit. From the July 2002 reference month onwards, the statistical unit is the ABN unit for businesses with simple structures, and the TAU for businesses with complex structures. In most cases, ABN/TAU units concord with the management units previously used.

SURVEY METHODOLOGY

- 12 The survey is conducted monthly by both telephone interview and a questionnaire mailed to businesses. The businesses included in the survey are selected by random sample from a frame stratified by state, industry and business size. For the ABS Maintained Population, the ABS uses reported employment as the measure of business size. For the ATO Maintained Population, for which employment data are not updated on a regular basis, the ABS uses a derived size benchmark. The derived size benchmark is a modelled employment size measure, based primarily on wages and salaries from Business Activity Statements or number of payees from the ATO, which is scaled to be the same magnitude as the previous employment benchmark, using current ABS employment data from the Survey of Employment and Earnings.
- **13** In the first month of each quarter, some businesses in the sample are replaced, at random, by other businesses so that the reporting load can be spread across smaller retailers.
- **14** Most businesses can provide turnover on a calendar month basis and this is how the data are presented. When businesses cannot provide turnover on a calendar month basis, the reported data and the period they relate to are used to estimate turnover for the calendar month.
- **15** Most retailers operate in a single state/territory. For this reason, estimates of turnover by state/territory are only collected from the larger retailers which are included in the survey each month. These retailers are asked to provide turnover for sales from each state/territory in which the business operates. Turnover for the smaller businesses is allocated to the state of their head office or main outlet.

DEFINITION OF TURNOVER

16 Turnover includes retail sales; wholesale sales; takings from repairs, meals and hiring of goods (except for rent, leasing and hiring of land and buildings); commissions from agency activity (e.g. commissions received from collecting dry cleaning, selling lottery tickets, etc.); and net takings from gaming machines etc. From July 2000, turnover includes the Goods and Service Tax.

DEFINITION OF TURNOVER continued

**17** Turnover presented in the Retail Trade series includes net proceeds from licensed gambling activities undertaken in the Hotels and licensed clubs industry. The impact of net proceeds from gambling on movements in the Retail Trade series was discussed in a feature article 'Contribution of gambling to retail estimates' included in the December 2002 issue of this publication. The article concluded that net proceeds from gambling had not had a significant impact on quarterly movements for the series but net proceeds from gambling had increased over time and users should be aware of this when interpreting the series. For September quarter 2002, net proceeds from gambling was 3.7% of the Total Retail series and 39.2% of the turnover of Hotels and licensed clubs.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT

- **18** Seasonally adjusted estimates are derived by estimating and removing systematic calendar related effects from the original series. In the Retail trade series, these calendar related effects are known as seasonal (e.g. increased spending in December as a result of Christmas) and trading day influences (arising from the varying length of each month and the varying number of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays, etc. in each month). Each influence is estimated by separate seasonal and trading day factors which, when combined, are referred to as the combined adjustment factors.
- 19 The seasonally adjusted estimates also have an allowance for an Easter proximity effect, which is caused when Easter falls late in March or early in April. This effect, when present, is combined with the seasonal and trading day factors to form the combined adjustment factors. There is also a similar allowance for the variable timing of Father's Day. See the Appendix of the July 2001 and August 2002 issues respectively of this publication for more information.
- 20 The Retail series uses a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology to derive the combined adjustment factors. This means that data from the current month are used in estimating seasonal and trading day factors for the current and previous months. For more information see *Information Paper: Introduction of Concurrent Seasonal Adjustment into the Retail Trade Series* (cat. no. 8514.0).
- **21** Concurrent adjustment can result in revisions each month to estimates for earlier periods. However, in most instances, the only noticeable revisions will be to the combined adjustment factors for the current month, the previous month and the same month a year ago. The following table shows how the combined adjustment factor for these months, at the total Australian Retail and Hospitality/services level, evolved under the concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology. The table presents two different estimates of the combined adjustment factors. The first row gives the combined adjustment factors estimated following the last annual reanalysis in August 2002 using data up to and including the July 2002 reference month. The second row gives the most recent combined adjustment factors estimated and used in this month's calculation of the concurrent seasonally adjusted series.

### COMBINED ADJUSTMENT FACTORS

	Feb 2002	Jan 2003	Feb 2003	
Factors as estimated at last reanalysis (July 2002 reference month)	0.88446	1.00071	0.88449	
Factors as estimated with current month's data (February 2003 reference month)	0.88424	1.00123	0.88434	

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT continued

22 The seasonal adjustment methodology is able to produce combined adjustment factors for future months. The latest factors for some future months are shown in the following table. While these factors represent the best current estimate, the actual factors used for estimating the seasonally adjusted estimates in these months will differ because they will incorporate subsequent months' data as they become available.

#### COMBINED ADJUSTMENT FACTORS

Mar Apr May 2003 2003

Factors as estimated with current month's data (February 2003 reference month)

0.96491 0.95598 0.99466

- 23 The seasonal and trading day factors are reviewed annually at a more detailed level than possible in the monthly processing cycle. The annual reanalysis will not normally result in significant changes. For Retail Trade, the results of the latest review are usually shown in the July issue each year, but for 2002 appear in the August issue.
- **24** In the seasonal adjustment process, both the seasonal and trading day factors evolve over time to reflect changes in spending and trading patterns. Examples of this evolution include the slow move in spending from December to January; and, increased trading activity on weekends and public holidays. The seasonally adjusted estimates still reflect the sampling and non-sampling errors to which the original estimates are subject.
- **25** As a result of the different treatment of Australian and State totals in the seasonal adjustment process, the Australian total for an industry group may not necessarily equal the sum of the State totals for that industry group.
- 26 The monthly trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted estimates (7-term for quarterly series). The Henderson moving average is symmetric, but as the end of a time series is approached, asymmetric forms of the moving average have to be applied. The asymmetric moving averages have been tailored to suit the particular characteristics of individual series and enable trend estimates for recent periods to be produced. Estimates of the trend will be improved at the current end of the time series as additional observations become available. This improvement is due to the combined effect of the concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology and the application of different asymmetric moving averages for the most recent six months (or three quarters). As a result of the improvement, most revisions to the trend estimates will be observed for the most recent six months (or three quarters).
- 27 Trend estimates are used to analyse the underlying behaviour of the series over time. As a result of the introduction of The New Tax System, a break in the monthly trend series has been inserted between June and July 2000. Care should therefore be taken if comparisons span this period. For more details refer to the Appendix in the December 2000 issue of this publication.
- **28** For further information on trend estimates, see *Information Paper: A Guide to Interpreting Time Series Monitoring 'Trends': an Overview* (cat. no. 1348.0) or contact the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on Canberra 02 6252 6345.

TREND ESTIMATES

load can be spread across retailers.

CHAIN VOLUME MEASURES

29 The chain volume measures of retail turnover appearing in the quarterly issue of this publication are annually reweighted chain Laspeyres indexes referenced to current price values in a chosen reference year (currently 2000–2001). The reference year is updated in the June publication each year. Each year's data in the Retail chain volume series are based on the prices of the previous year, except for the quarters of the latest incomplete year (i.e. for the 2002–2003 financial year) which are based upon price data for the 2000–2001 financial year. Comparability with previous years is achieved by linking (or chaining) the series together to form a continuous time series.

RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES

- 30 There are two types of error possible in estimates of retail turnover: Sampling error which occurs because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. One measure of the likely difference resulting from not including all establishments in the survey is given by the standard error, see below. Sampling error may be larger for the first month of each quarter, when some of the businesses in the sample are replaced by other businesses so that the reporting
  - Non sampling error which arises from inaccuracies in collecting, recording and processing the data. The most significant of these errors are: misreporting of data items; deficiencies in coverage; non-response; and processing errors. Every effort is made to minimise reporting error by the careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers, and efficient data processing procedures.

STANDARD ERRORS

- **31** Seasonally adjusted and trend estimates and chain volume measures are also subject to sampling variability. For seasonally adjusted estimates, the standard errors are approximately the same as for the original estimates. For trend estimates, the standard errors are likely to be smaller. For chain volume measures, the standard errors may be up to 10% higher than those for the corresponding current price estimates because of the sampling variability contained in the prices data used to deflate the current price estimates.
- **32** To assist users in assessing the reliability of estimates, each data series has been given a grading of A to E. Where:
  - A represents a relative standard error on level of less than 2%. The published estimates are highly reliable for movement analysis;
  - B represents a relative standard error on level between 2 and 5%, meaning the estimate is reliable for movement analysis purposes;
  - C represents a relative standard error on level between 5 and 10%, meaning users are advised to exercise some caution in interpreting movements for such series;
  - D represents a relative standard error on level between 10 and 15% meaning users are advised to exercise caution in interpreting movements for such series; and
  - E represents a relative standard error on level greater than 15% (mainly affects unpublished state by industry series.
- **33** The table below provides an indicator of reliability for key retail turnover estimates.

STANDARD ERRORS continued

	Food retailing	Depart- ment Stores	Clothing & soft good retailing	House- hold good retailing	Recrea- tional good retailing	Other retailing	Hospit- ality & services	Total
NSW	В	Α	В	С	С	С	В	Α
Vic.	В	Α	С	С	С	С	В	Α
Qld	В	Α	В	С	С	D	С	В
SA	В	Α	В	С	С	С	С	В
WA	В	Α	В	С	D	D	С	В
Tas.	В	np	С	С	D	np	С	В
NT	В	np	С	С	Е	np	С	В
ACT	В	Α	В	С	С	D	С	В
Aust.	Α	Α	В	В	В	В	В	Α

ABS DATA AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

**34** Retail Survey Special Data Service provides additional retail trade statistics which include further State industry dissections through to 'top ten' industry reports. For more information, contact the Retail Trade Special Data Services manager on Canberra 02 6252 5220.

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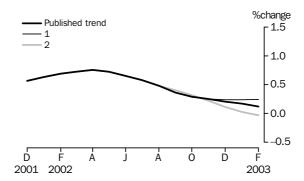
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### TECHNICAL NOTE REVISIONS TO TREND ESTIMATES

EFFECT OF NEW SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES ON TREND ESTIMATES

- 1 The most recent trend estimates published in this release are likely to be revised when next month's seasonally adjusted estimates become available. To assist readers of this publication in analysing retail trends, the approximate effect of the two possible scenarios on the previous trend estimates of the percentage change in total retail turnover for Australia are presented below. For more information see the trend estimates section of the explanatory notes.
  - 1 The March seasonally adjusted estimate of retail turnover is 1.0% higher than the February estimate.
  - 2 The March seasonally adjusted estimate of retail turnover is 1.0% lower than the February estimate.



TECHNICAL NOTE

2 Under concurrent seasonal adjustment, the most recent seasonally adjusted and trend estimates are likely to be revised when original estimates for subsequent months become available. The trend revision is a combined result of the revision of the seasonally adjusted estimates and the revision derived from the use of asymmetric moving averages as future data become available (for more information, refer to paragraph 26 in the explanatory notes). ABS research shows that about 75% of the total revision to the trend estimate at the current end of the time series is due to the use of different asymmetric moving averages when the original estimate for the next time period becomes available. To assess the reliability of the trend estimate at the current end, the "what-if" chart presents trend estimates under two different scenarios of the next time period. The chart shows only the impact due to the changes of the asymmetric moving averages and does not include the unknown impact of revision to seasonal factor estimates that would arise when the original estimate for the next time period becomes available.

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